The Condition of College and **Career Readiness**

This report looks at the progress of the 2016 ACT®-tested graduating class relative to college and career readiness. This year's report shows that 64% of students in the 2016 US graduating class took the ACT test, up from 59% in 2015 and 49% in 2011. The increased number of test takers over the past several years enhances the breadth and depth of the data pool, providing a comprehensive picture of the current graduating class in the context of college readiness, as well as offering a glimpse at the emerging educational pipeline.

As a research-based nonprofit organization, ACT is committed to providing information and solutions to support the following:

- Holistic view of readiness. The 2014 ACT report, Broadening the Definition of College and Career Readiness: A Holistic Approach, shows academic readiness is only one of four critical domains in determining an individual's readiness for success in college and career. Cross-cutting capabilities, behavioral skills, and the ability to navigate future pathways are also important factors to measure and address. Together, these elements define a clear picture of student readiness for postsecondary education.
- Providing meaningful data for better decisions. ACT is focused on providing better data to students, parents, schools, districts, and states so that all can make more informed decisions to improve outcomes. We accomplish this goal by taking a holistic view and using consistent and reliable historical information so that individuals and institutions have a better context to make critical decisions about the journey they have undertaken.

The Condition of College & Career Readiness 2016

Wyoming Key Findings

Performance

- In 2016, 6,255 students in the Wyoming graduating class took the ACT. This represents an increase of 213, or 3.5%, from the previous year. This also represents an increase of 13.2% since 2012.
- Although the number and percent of students meeting ACT College Readiness Benchmarks in the state decreased in all subject areas, the decreases were roughly 100 or fewer students in each category. This keeps with the overall flat trend line over the last five years.

STEM

- For students taking a core curriculum, the percentages of Wyoming students meeting the ACT College Readiness Benchmarks are equal to or higher than the corresponding national groups.
 - 19% of Wyoming students reported taking the algebra 1/algebra 2/geometry course sequence and had an average ACT mathematics score of 17.0. In addition, 12% of Wyoming students reported taking less than three years of math and had an average ACT mathematics score of 15.6. This suggests that this sizeable group of students (31% of the tested population) without a fourth year of math might be contributing to the gap between Wyoming and the national population.
- STEM Benchmarks
 - STEM preparation for Wyoming students:
 - ~ The average STEM score in Wyoming has remained relatively flat over the last three years (20.3 in 2014 and 20.3 in 2016).
 - ~ Among students meeting the STEM Benchmark:
 - The average ACT mathematics score remained the same from 2015 at 27.7.
 - The average ACT science score increased from 28.1 to 28.3.
 - ~ 13% of Wyoming students met the STEM Benchmark compared to 20% nationally.

Career Readiness

- This year, for the first time, ACT has provided an indicator of career readiness based on ACT composite scores. Table 3.4 in the state ACT Profile Report details how ACT-tested Wyoming graduates are progressing toward the ACT National Career Readiness Certificate™ (ACT
- Progress toward career readiness is based on research linking ACT Composite scores to ACT NCRC levels. The ACT Composite cut score for each ACT NCRC level corresponds to a 50% chance of obtaining that level. If a student's ACT Composite score surpassed the cut score for an ACT NCRC level, they are categorized as making progress towards the next higher ACT NCRC level. Attainment of ACT NCRC levels indicates workplace employability skills that are critical to job success.
- In Wyoming, 66% of ACT tested graduates are considered making progress towards at least a gold ACT NCRC level. This compares to 68% nationally.



Behaviors that Impact Access and Opportunity

- Testing patterns
 - ~ 91% of students tested with the ACT with standard time and received an average ACT Composite score of 20.5. 9% tested with extended time and had an average Composite score of 15.8.
 - ~ 478 ACT test takers indicated that they had "no college plans" at the time of testing (sixth in the list of score report preferences at the time of testing). Of this group, 22% had a Composite score of 20 or higher. This represents an opportunity to explore initiatives to increase the collegegoing rate of Wyoming students.
- Below are the top five colleges and universities to which Wyoming graduates sent their ACT scores:
 - 1. University of Wyoming
 - 2. Casper College
 - 3. Laramie County Community College
 - 4. Western Wyoming Community College
 - 5. Sheridan College
- Five out-of-state schools are in the top 15 colleges and universities receiving scores from Wyoming students:
 - Colorado State University
 - Black Hills State University
 - Montana State University
 - University of Utah
 - Chadron State College
- 69.4% of Wyoming students opt in to the ACT Educational Opportunity for Students (EOS)-3.7% lower than the national average. Participating in EOS exposes these students to numerous academic and scholarship opportunities they might not have otherwise found on their own. ACT research has shown that college enrollment rates increase for those that opt in to EOS, regardless of academic achievement levels.
- Since the beginning of ACT's "Get Your Name in the Game" initiative for underserved learners in 2015, one Wyoming college has accessed 294,176 student names for outreach and recruitment into targeted postsecondary programs.
- Fee Waiver Usage
 - ~ In Wyoming, there were 467 fee waivers issued and 360 of those were used. This equates to a 77.1% usage rate. The national rate was 74.5%.
 - ~ ACT provides students fee waivers to provide more access and opportunity for students.

Pipeline

- The fastest-growing racial/ethnic group taking the ACT over the last five years is Hispanic/Latino. This group has increased from 11% of the testing population in 2012 to 13% in 2016. All other racial/ethnic groups have remained relatively flat, with the exception of White, which has decreased 5% in the pool during that same period (although the actual number of White students increased by 231 in this period). The changes in actual graduates tested over the last five years are as follows:
 - ~ African American increased by 12 students
 - American Indian increased by 22 students
 - White increased by 273 students
 - Hispanic/Latino increased by 224 students
 - Asian increased by 7 students
 - Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander increased by 1 student
 - Two or more races increased by 64 students
 - Prefer not to respond/no response increased by 125 students
- The percentage of Native American testers has remained around the 2% mark over the last five years, but the average Composite score of this group has fallen 1.3 points to 15.9.
- The most popular planned majors among 2016 Wyoming graduates are Health Sciences and Technologies, Visual and Performing Arts, and Education. However, the second highest group is "No Response."
- Aspirations matter. Students in Wyoming who aspire to a higher level of postsecondary education achieve higher ACT Composite scores:
 - Graduates who aspire to a graduate degree earn an average Composite score of 22.9.
 - Graduates who aspire to a bachelor's degree earn an average Composite score of 20.4.
 - Graduates who aspire to an associate's degree earn an average Composite score of 17.1.

ACT Footprint

	ACT Aspire Periodic		ACT QualityCore®	PreACT™	ACT WorkKeys®
66,813	403	694	-	_*	3,906

^{*} PreACT refers to preorders for FY17.

These are the number of each of these assessments delivered in the state and not reflective of the 2016 ACT-tested graduating class.

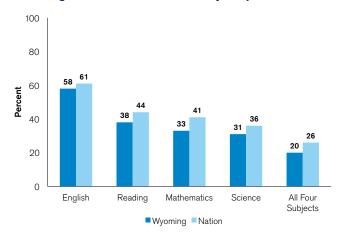
Special State Talking Points

- In 2016, ACT honored exemplars in 41 states as part of our College & Career Readiness Campaign. In Wyoming, these honorees include:
 - ~ Student: Angel Antunez
 - ~ High School: South High School
 - ~ Community College: Western Wyoming Community College
- ACT conducted two College and Career Readiness Workshops in the state in fall 2015.

Your State College and Career Readiness Attainment, Participation, and Opportunity

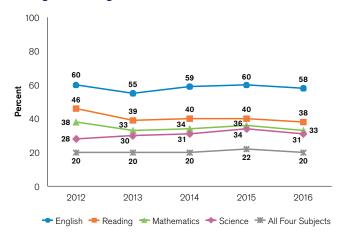
Wyoming

Percent of 2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates Meeting ACT College Readiness Benchmarks by Subject



Note: Percents in this report may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Percent of 2012–2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates Meeting ACT College Readiness Benchmarks*



* ACT College Readiness Benchmarks in reading and science were revised in 2013.

Student Data Trends

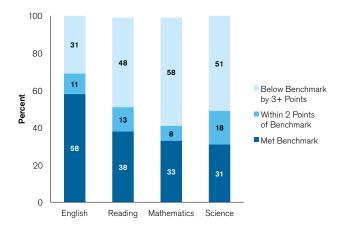
 Between 2012 and 2016, the number of students taking the ACT in Wyoming increased by 13.2%.

Student Condition Data Interest Trends: 2012-2016, State vs. Nation

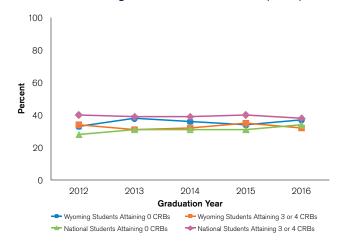
Outcome	Cohort	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Percent Tested	Wyoming	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	Nation	52%	54%	57%	59%	64%
N Tested	Wyoming	5,527	5,896	6,098	6,042	6,255
	Nation	1,666,017	1,799,243	1,845,787	1,924,436	2,090,342
Average English Score	Wyoming	19.2	18.6	19.3	19.4	19.2
	Nation	20.5	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.1
Average Reading Score	Wyoming	20.5	20.2	20.6	20.6	20.4
	Nation	21.3	21.1	21.3	21.4	21.3
Average Mathematics Score	Wyoming	20.2	19.7	19.9	19.9	19.6
	Nation	21.1	20.9	20.9	20.8	20.6
Average Science Score	Wyoming	20.6	20	20.2	20.4	20.4
	Nation	20.9	20.7	20.8	20.9	20.8
Average Composite Score	Wyoming	20.3	19.8	20.1	20.2	20
	Nation	21.1	20.9	21	21	20.8



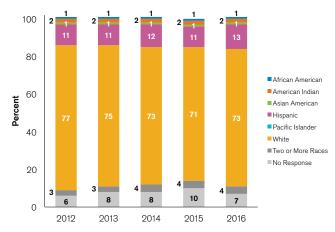
Percent of 2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates by ACT College Readiness Benchmark Attainment and Subject



Trends in Percent of ACT-Tested High School Graduates by Number of ACT College Readiness Benchmarks (CRBs) Attained

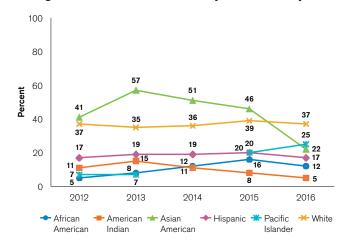


Percent of 2012–2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates by Race/Ethnicity

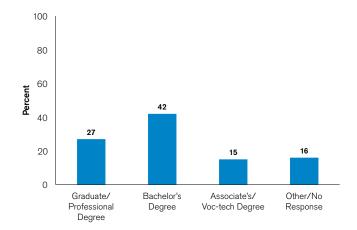


Note: Values less than 0.5% will not appear.

Percent of 2012–2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates Meeting Three or More Benchmarks by Race/Ethnicity



Percent of 2016 ACT-Tested High School Graduates by Educational Aspirations



There is good news in that 84% of Wyoming's 2016 ACT-tested graduates aspired to postsecondary education. Interestingly enough, 84% of Wyoming's 2015 ACT-tested graduating class aspired to enroll in postsecondary education, compared to 46% who actually did enroll. If we fully closed the aspirational gap, an additional 2,288 of the 2015 ACT-tested graduates from Wyoming would have enrolled in postsecondary education.



What You Need to Know

At ACT, we are inspired every day to make a positive difference. Here are a few ways we are making an impact each day in the lives of students, teachers, education, policy makers, and workforce leaders.

The

- Enhancements to ACT Score Reports starting in September 2016
- Introduction of ACT Kaplan Online Prep Live in September 2016
- New Score Reports

Pre ACT

- Affordable cost—\$12 per student tested for schools, districts, and states
- Flexible administration—Schools, districts, and/or states may administer on any date between September 1, 2016 and June 1, 2017
- Structured test environment—Similar to what the student will experience when taking the ACT test

Online Prep Live

- A virtual classroom experience that delivers all the benefits of ACT Online Prep, plus an interactive teaching experience
- Live learning experiences available at no cost to students who register for the ACT using a fee waiver
- Recorded sessions available on demand to provide maximum flexibility to students

ACT Aspire

- New Performance Level Descriptors coming in August 2016
- More than 5 million ACT Aspire online assessments administered to US students since January 2016, a major milestone for the program and up by more than 130% compared to the previous year
- New Score Reports

ACT Engage

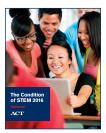
- Helps schools face the challenge of preparing students for success after high school. Read the latest white paper, Identifying Skills to Succeed in School, at Work, and in the "Real World."
- New Score Reports



- Updated versions of the ACT National Career Readiness Certificate (ACT NCRC) assessments and credential coming in summer 2017
- Fully updated ACT WorkKeys curriculum and test prep available in summer 2017 to support the updated ACT NCRC assessments
- Will include a new test delivery platform that will introduce features and functionality important to ACT WorkKeys customers

www.act.org/condition2016

Key ACT Research



The Condition of STEM 2016-Releasing November 2016

This report provides national and state data about the 2016 graduating class in

the context of STEM-related fields (Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics) to determine student interest levels in specific STEM fields and, more importantly, readiness in math and science of those interested in STEM careers.



College Choice Report 2015

This report follows the ACT-tested high school graduating class of 2015, focusing on specific testing behaviors that

may expand college opportunities available to students. This is an important topic for enrollment managers and admissions officers to consider, as students' participation in these testing behaviors have implications for colleges' chances to recruit, advise, and place these prospective students.

Recommendations

1. Create an assessment model that measures a variety of skill domains and competencies required for college and career success.

Historically, college and career readiness assessments have focused only on academic skills. ACT research has clearly established areas of competency important for college and career readiness success. While our research shows that ACT solutions independently measure key components of college AND career readiness, we and others have begun to realize that no single solution can measure the full breadth of this readiness, nor should it. Simply put, the ACT alone is not enough to measure the full breadth of career readiness. A more holistic assessment model, incorporating multiple domains and specific skills associated with career clusters or occupations, will typically be most appropriate for describing and evaluating student readiness for college and career.

2. Optimize opportunities to influence awareness and engagement of underserved learners.

Initiatives designed to aid underserved learners are only as effective as they are visible. We must inform advocates and ALL underserved learners about the available and effective programs designed for this purpose. For example, in the 2015-2016 academic year, approximately 730,000 students registered to take the ACT using fee waivers valued at more than \$36 million. Yet, not all eligible students took advantage of this offer. Similarly, institutions must use data to inform intervention strategies if they are going to help underserved students be prepared for postsecondary success.

3. Take the guesswork out of STEM.

It is critically important to align STEM initiatives to capitalize on performance, measured interest, and expressed interest. Essential to this effort is expanding and nurturing interest in STEM, which will impact the emerging pipeline of STEM majors, teachers, and workers. This requires capturing a wider range of students and employing concrete measures to inform intervention and programming. To do so, states and districts must look for partnering opportunities from K-12 to postsecondary education to the workplace.

4. Focus on the implementation of fewer, higher, clearer, standards in K-12 classrooms to raise the bar for all students.

No matter the adopted standards, proper implementation must focus on the most critical component for increasing readiness—effective, high-quality teaching. This requires investment in postsecondary teaching programs, professional development, and state-level collaboration among K-12 and higher education.

5. Don't over test students.

When states, schools, and districts build an assessment strategy that recognizes the limits and promise of test scores, they will reduce the likelihood of over testing. Used ethically and appropriately, assessments can inform decisions at individual and institutional levels. Misunderstood, misused, or abused, assessments cause confusion, can be perceived as punitive, or result in illconceived strategies. To quote ACT founder E.F. Lindquist, "Assessment is valuable to the extent it bridges teaching and learning."



